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1	Michael I. Neil (SBN 40057)	N. Thane Bauz, Esq.
	Hugh A. McCabe (SBN 131828)	PERKINS COIE
2	NEIL, DYMOTT, FRANK, MCFALL & TREXLER APLC	11988 El Camino Real, Suite 200
3	1010 Second Avenue, Suite 2500	San Diego, CA 92130-3579
	San Diego, California 92101	Telephone: (858) 720-5706
4	Telephone: (619) 238-2240 Facsimile: (619) 238-1562	Facsimile: (858)720-5799
5	, ,	Jay H. Reiziss (pro hac vice)
	Gregory S. Arovas (pro hac vice)	Jon H. Beaupré (pro hac vice)
6	Todd M. Friedman ( <i>pro hac vice</i> )  KIRKLAND & ELLIS LLP	Jeremy S. Snodgrass (pro hac vice)
7	601 Lexington Avenue	Brinks Hofer Gilson & Lione
	New York, NY 10022-4675	NBC Tower, Suite 3600 455 North Cityfront Plaza Drive
8	Telephone: (212) 446-4800 Facsimile: (212) 446-6460	Chicago, IL 60611-5599
9	1 400111110. (212) 110 0100	Phone: 312-321-4200
	Attorneys for Plaintiff	Fax: 312-321-4299
10	ContentGuard Holdings, Inc.	
11		Attorneys for Defendants
10		ZTE Corporation and ZTE (USA) Inc.
12		
13	TIMITED OF ATE	ES DISTRICT COURT
14	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
17	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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	ContentGuard Holdings, Inc.,	Case No. 3:12-cv-01226-CAB-MDD
17	Plaintiff,	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
18	v.	
	7TE Composition and 7TE (IISA) Inc.	JOINT MOTION FOR DETERMINATION OF
19	ZTE Corporation and ZTE (USA) Inc.,	DISCOVERY DISPUTE
20	Defendants.	
0.1	_	Hon. Mitchell D. Dembin Suite 1180, 11 <sup>th</sup> Floor Annex
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JOINT MOTION FOR DETERMINATION OF DISCOVERY DISPUTE

Case No. 3:12-cv-01226-CAB-MDD

Plaintiff ContentGuard Holdings, Inc. and defendants ZTE Corporation and ZTE (USA) Inc. (collectively "ZTE") respectfully submit this Joint Motion for Determination of Discovery Dispute.<sup>1</sup>

ContentGuard and ZTE dispute whether they are yet required to hold the discovery planning conference set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(f) at this time. The parties respectfully request that the Court resolve their dispute.

In accordance with the Court's Civil Pretrial Procedure V.C, the parties state the following:

- 1. On December 13, 2012, ContentGuard wrote to ZTE and requested that the parties hold a Rule 26(f) conference as soon as possible. In support, ContentGuard explained that Rule 26(f) requires the parties to confer "as soon as practicable," and that a prompt conference was appropriate under both the Civil and Patent Local Rules. ContentGuard also explained its belief that the parties could hold a meaningful and productive Rule 26(f) conference now, despite ZTE's pending motion to dismiss ContentGuard's claims for indirect patent infringement, because ZTE's motion neither addresses ContentGuard's claims for direct patent infringement nor affects which parties are in this case, which patents are in suit, or which products are accused of infringement. ContentGuard repeated its request on December 18.
- 2. ZTE responded to ContentGuard's requests on December 18, and stated that a Rule 26(f) conference would be premature at this time. ZTE explained its view that, because its pending motion could impact the scope of discovery, no efficiency would be gained by holding a Rule 26(f) conference while the motion remained pending. ZTE also stated that a Rule 26(f) conference would be premature because the Court has not yet scheduled an ENE, and Patent Local Rule 2.1(a) states that "[n]o later than twenty-one (21) days before the ENE, the parties will meet and confer pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(f)."
- 3. ContentGuard continues to believe that ZTE is required to participate in a Rule 26(f) conference at this time. Rule 26(f) explicitly requires the parties to confer "as soon as practicable," and the Advisory Committee Notes explain that ZTE's pending motion does not suspend that

ZTE participates in the present joint motion in lieu of an *ex parte* brief by ContentGuard on the issue, but it is ZTE's position that the present motion is unnecessary and improper, as is set forth in more detail in the accompanying memorandum.

obligation. In this case—which has been pending for ten-and-a-half months—it has long been practicable for the parties to confer. Although ZTE's motion to dismiss remains pending, that motion is limited to ContentGuard's claims for indirect infringement. Accordingly, discovery will necessarily proceed with respect to ContentGuard's claims for direct infringement, all six patents-insuit, and all of the products accused of infringing them, regardless of the outcome of ZTE's motion. The parties can therefore meaningfully discuss how to proceed with discovery of all of those topics now, with no risk that a ruling on ZTE's motion will render their efforts wasteful. And although Patent Local Rule 2.1(a) ties the last date on which the parties may hold a timely Rule 26(f) conference to the ENE, it does not alter Rule 26(f)'s requirement that "the parties must confer" earlier if it is "practicable" to do so. Finally, because ZTE's motion is limited to indirect infringement, there is no good cause to stay ContentGuard's claims for direct infringement—the inefficient result of ZTE's refusal to confer.

4. ZTE maintains its position that a Rule 26(f) conference is premature at this time because the parties do not yet know what claims are pending in the case. It is impracticable to proceed with discovery on direct infringement while waiting for discovery on indirect infringement, as ContentGuard suggests the parties should do. Direct infringement and indirect infringement include interwoven factual issues that cannot be easily bifurcated. Additionally, the local rules, federal rules, and applicable case law from this Court and other courts all support ZTE's position. ZTE is willing to participate in a Rule 26(f) conference at a time that is practicable and efficient for the parties and the Court, namely, after ZTE files its Answer and the Court schedules an ENE.

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1	Dated: January 14, 2013	Respectfully submitted,
2		By: <u>/s/ Hugh A. McCabe</u>
~	·	Hugh A. McCabe (SBN 131828)
3		NEIL, DYMOTT, FRANK, MCFALL & TREXLER APLC
		1010 Second Avenue, Suite 2500
4		San Diego, California 92101
5		Telephone: (619) 238-2240
ا '		Facsimile: (619) 238-1562
6		Gregory S. Aroyas (nyo haa vias)
_		Gregory S. Arovas ( <i>pro hac vice</i> ) greg.arovas@kirkland.com
7		Todd M. Friedman (pro hac vice)
8		todd.friedman@kirkland.com
١		KIRKLAND & ELLIS LLP
9		601 Lexington Avenue New York, NY 10022-4675
		Telephone: (212) 446-4800
10		Facsimile: (212) 446-6460
11		
- 1		ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF
12		CONTENTGUARD HOLDINGS, INC.
12	Dated: January 14, 2013	D4C-111141
13	Daicu. January 14, 2013	Respectfully submitted,

13	Dated: January 14, 2013	Respectfully submitted,
	· .	By: <u>/s/ N. Thane Bauz</u>
14		N. Thane Bauz
15		TBauz@perkinscoie.com
		PERKINS COIE
16		11988 El Camino Real, Suite 200
17		San Diego, CA 92130-3579
1/		Telephone: (858) 720-5706 Facsimile: (858)720-5799
18		racsilille. (838)/20-3/99
		Jay H. Reiziss
19		jreiziss@brinkshofer.com
20		Jon H. Beaupré
_		jbeaupre@brinkshofer.com
21		Jeremy S. Snodgrass
22		jsnodgrass@brinkshofer.com
22		Brinks Hofer Gilson & Lione
23		NBC Tower, Suite 3600
		455 North Cityfront Plaza Drive
24		Chicago, IL 60611-5599 Phone: 312-321-4200
25		Fax: 312-321-4299
		rax. 312-321-4299
26		ATTORNEYS FOR DEFENDANTS
27		ZTE CORPORATION AND ZTE (USA)
21		INC.